

Spring 1 Spellings: Mrs Dracup's Group

WB: 15.1.18	WB: 22.1.18	WB: 29.1.18	WB: 5.2.18	WB: half term practise	WB: 19.2.18
short /i/ sound spelt with 'y'	Adding suffixes er/ed/ing to words with more than one syllable (unstressed last syllable - DO NOT double the final consonant)	Adding suffixes (er/ed/en/ing) to words with more than one syllable (stressed last syllable - double the final consonant)	Creating negative meanings using prefix mis-	Creating negative meanings using prefix dis-	Words with a /k/ sound spelt with 'ch'
myth	gardener	forgetting	misspell	dislike	scheme
gym	gardening	forgotten	mislead	disobey	chorus
Egypt	limited	beginning	mistreat	discolour	echo
pyramid	limiting	beginner	misbehave	discover	character
mystery	offering	preferred	mistrust	disappear	ache
hymn	offered	preferring	misprint	dishonest	chaos
system	benefited	occurred	misuse	disallow	stomach
symbol	benefiting	occurring	misplace	disbelieve	chemistry
typical	focused	forbidden	misheard	disapprove	orchestra
lyric	focusing	committed	misread	discontinue	technology

Dear Parents and Carers, Here are the spellings that your child will be expected to learn this half term, in addition to our class phonics sessions. Please put one sheet in the homework book and you may want to keep the other copy on the fridge as a reminder! Please make sure your child(ren) know the meanings of the words! Please make sure they get plenty of practise in time for the quiz on **WEDNESDAYS**. **P.T.O.** for some spelling strategies and games you can play and the year 3/4 expected words, which we will be revising in class! Thank you! Miss Mount.

New Curriculum Spelling List Years 3 and 4



<p>Aa</p> <p>accident accidentally actual actually address answer appear arrive although</p>	<p>Bb</p> <p>believe bicycle breath breathe build busy business</p>	<p>Cc</p> <p>calendar caught centre century certain circle complete consider continue</p>	<p>Dd</p> <p>decide describe different difficult disappear</p>	<p>Ee</p> <p>early earth eight eight enough exercise experience experiment</p>
<p>Ff</p> <p>famous favourite February forwards fruit</p>	<p>Gg</p> <p>grammar group guard guide</p>	<p>Hh</p> <p>heard heart height history</p>	<p>Ii</p> <p>imagine increase important interest island</p>	<p>Kk</p> <p>knowledge</p>

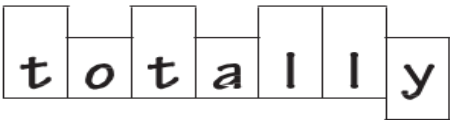
New Curriculum Spelling List Years 3 and 4




<p>Ll</p> <p>learn length library</p>	<p>Mm</p> <p>material medicine mention minute</p>	<p>Nn</p> <p>natural naughty notice</p>	<p>Oo</p> <p>occasion occasionally often opposite ordinary</p>	<p>Pp</p> <p>particular peculiar perhaps popular position possess</p> <p>possession possible potatoes pressure probably promise purpose</p>
<p>Qq</p> <p>quarter question</p>	<p>Rr</p> <p>recent regular reign remember</p>	<p>Ss</p> <p>sentence separate special straight strange strength suppose surprise</p>	<p>Tt</p> <p>therefore though thought through</p>	<p>Vv</p> <p>various</p>
				<p>Ww</p> <p>weight woman women</p>

Pyramid words	<p>This method of learning words forces you to think of each letter separately.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"> p py pyr pyra pyram pyrami pyramid </p> <p>You can then reverse the process so that you end up with a diamond.</p>
Other strategies	<p>Other methods can include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rainbow writing. Using coloured pencils in different ways can help to make parts of words memorable. You could highlight the tricky parts of the word or write the tricky part in a different colour. You could also write each letter in a different colour, or write the word in red, then overlay in orange, yellow and so on. • Making up memorable 'silly sentences' containing the word • Saying the word in a funny way – for example, pronouncing the 'silent' letters in a word • Clapping and counting to identify the syllables in a word.

Quickwrite	<p>Writing the words linked to the teaching focus with speed and fluency. The aim is to write as many words as possible within a time constraint. Pupils can write words provided by the teacher or generate their own examples. For example, in two minutes write as many words as possible with the /j/ phoneme. This can be turned into a variety of competitive games including working in teams and developing relay race approaches.</p>
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Drawing around the word to show the shape	<p>Draw around the words making a clear distinction in size where there are ascenders and descenders. Look carefully at the shape of the word and the letters in each box. Now try to write the word making sure that you get the same shape.</p> 
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Drawing an image around the word	<p>This strategy is all about making a word memorable. It links to meaning in order to try to make the spelling noticeable.</p>  <p>You can't use this method as your main method of learning spellings, but it might work on those that are just a little more difficult to remember.</p>
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Dicey Spellings

Here are a few ideas to help you remember your spellings at home:

You will need 1 dice.

First choose a word to spell, then throw the dice. The number you get decides which of the tasks you do.

1. write word with eyes shut
2. write word with opposite hand
3. spell word aloud backwards
4. write word in bubble writing
5. write each letter in different colour
6. write the word in the air or on a partner's back. (or make up your own task)

Words without vowels	<p>This strategy is useful where the vowel choices are the challenge in the words. Write the words without the vowels and pupils have to choose the correct grapheme to put in the space. For example, for the word <i>field</i>.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">f _ _ _ ld</p>
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Trace, copy and replicate (and then check)	<p>This is a similar learning process to 'look, say, cover, write, check' but is about developing automaticity and muscle memory. Write the word out on a sheet of paper ensuring that it is spelt correctly and it is large enough to trace over. Trace over the word and say it at the same time. Move next to the word you have just written and write it out as you say it. Turn the page over and write the word as you say it, and then check that you have spelt it correctly. If this is easy, do the same process for two different words at the same time. Once you have written all your words this way and feel confident, miss out the tracing and copying or the tracing alone and just write the words.</p>
Segmentation strategy	<p>The splitting of a word into its constituent phonemes in the correct order to support spelling.</p>